



Jane Boylan, Caroline Linse, Claire Medwell and Elly Schottmann

Bridge to Success







Bridge to Success

Activity Book

s://almanahj.com/12/physics/5861-2018-2

Jane Boylan, Caroline Linse, Claire Medwell and Elly Schottman

Term 1 material 2016

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Welcome to Bridge to Success

Bridge to Success is a twelve-grade course for learners of English as a second language (ESL). The twelve grades range from the beginning of cycle 1 to the end of cycle 3.

Bridge to Success Grade 4 consists of twelve thematic units of study, which include a range of activities, text types and objectives, split over three terms.

The materials reflect the following principles:

- An Emirati focus, with an international perspective. Specifically developed for young learners throughout the United Arab Emirates, the themes, situations and literature coveredC by Bridge to Success strive to reflect the Emirati context and encourage learners' curiosity about the wider world. This fosters respect and interest in other cultures and leads io awareness of global citizens! ip.
- An enquiry-based, language-ruyh approach to learning. Bridge to Success engages children as active, creative leq^fitereSAs learners participate in a wide v rriety of curriculumbased activities, the> simultaneously acquire content knowledge, develop critical thinking skills and practise English language and

 English for educational success. To meet the challenges of the future, children need to develop facility with both conversational and academic English. From the earliest stage, Bridge to Success addresses both these competencies. Bridge to Success presents authentic listening and reading texts, writing tasks, and end-of-ui it projects similar to those learners might en counter in English-medium and international schools.

This Acti\ ity Book provides additional support, rraSroficement and practice to the Learner's Be ok. Comprehensive support for teachers is provided in the Teacher's Guide. Comprehensive support for teachers is provided in the Teacher's Guide.

The following icons are used in this Activity Book:

1 pre-recorded listening activity

52} pairwork or small group speaking activity (notmediated by teacher)

H* write-in notebook activity

We hope that you and your learners will enjoy using these materials as much as we enjoyed developing them for you.

The Bridge to Success team

literacy. The materials incorporate a 'learning to learn' approach, helping children acquire skills and strategies that will help them approach new learning situations with confidence.



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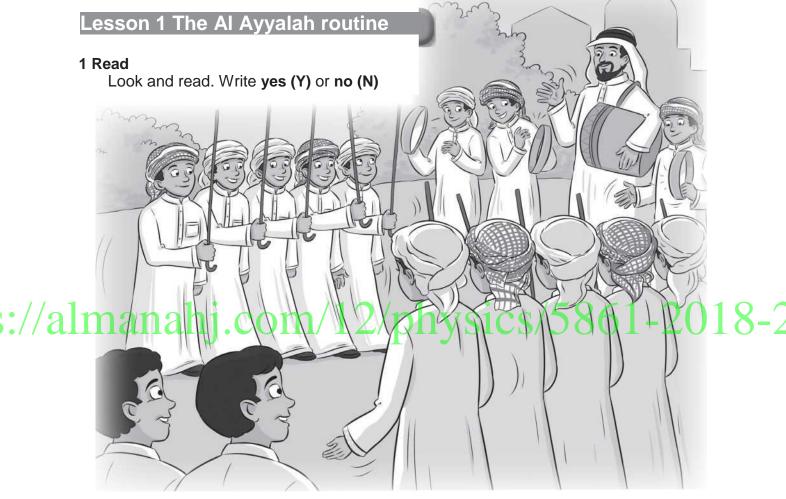
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Unit 1

Working together



1	The children are learning the Al Ayyalah routine.	yes
2	The teacher is sitting.	No
3	There are eight children.	No
4	A child is playing the big drum.	No
5	The children are holding long sticks.	Yes
6	There is one big drum.	Yes
7	The children are having fun.	Yes
8	There are five drums.	No

Lesson 2 Tap your left foot!

1 Write

Pretend that you are doing the Al Ayyalah routine and look at all the boys in the picture on page 6 of the Learner's Book. Write a chant about the Al Ayyalah Which of the boys are you? How are you moving routine.

?

Why are you doing the routine?

Use some of the words in the box in your chant. Give your chant a title.

up down left
right slowly quickly
twist turn foot
do routine

Title:

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Challenge

If you want to do something really well, you need to **practise** it. You do it many times, so that you do it better and better.

What do you practise?

Write a sentence.

Draw a picture.







Lesson 3 Let's play!

1

Use of English

Do you remember the game 'Up and down'? Put the instructions in the right order. Write the numbers 1,2, 3 and 4.

Link your elbows together.

Then sit down again.

Sit on the floor, back-to-back with your partner.

Try to stand up!

Read

Here is a new game.

Complete the text with the words from the box.

Eleven fingers

This is a game for three people. Stand in a circle ⁽¹⁾ .
Together, say (2) '1, 2, 3 Go!'.
When you say 'Go!', hold (3) out some fingers on one hand (4): how many fingers have each of you held up?
Count all the fingers. How many fingers are there altogether?
To win ⁽⁶⁾ the game, there must be 11 fingers.



Lesson 4 Which game?

1 Let's do it!

Look at the chart. Jamal, Nabil and Tarik played the game 'Eleven fingers' three times. The chart shows how many fingers Jamal, Nabil and Tarik had in each game.

Add up the number of fingers for each game. Write the number in the chart.

Did the boys win each game? (Circle yes (Y) or no (N).



	Jamal	Nabil	Tarik	How many fingers?	Did they win?
Game 1	2	4	3		Y N
Game 2	1	4	5		Y N
Game 3	5	2	4		Y N

S://almora study hj.com/12/physics/5861-2018-2 Put the words in the correct order to make phrases.

1	up / give / Don't!	
	Don't give up!	

- 2 on / step / floor/ Don't / the !
 - _Don't step on the floor!
- 3 try / again / Let's!
 Let's try again _____
- 4 done / it / We've .

We've done it.

5 stand / Try / to / up.

_Try to stand up.

6 good / That's.

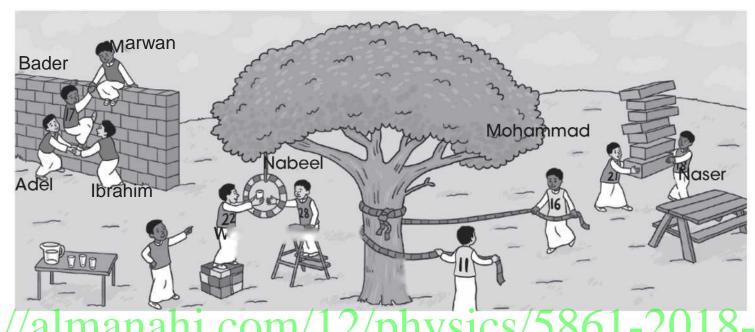
That's good.



Lesson 5 Team activities

1 Write

Look at the picture. Answer the questions with the phrases in the box. Start each answer with **He is** or **They are**.



What is Bader doing? Bader is climbing the wall _______

standing on a ladder

- 2 What are Ibrahim and Adel doing? They are helping Bader ______
- 3 What is Nabeel doing? Nabeel is standing on the ladder _____

Write the questions. Start each question with **What is** or **What are.** Put **?** at the end of each question.

4 What are they carrying?

Bader

helping

climbing the wall

They are carrying boxes.

5 What is Marwan doing?

He is pulling Bader.

6 What is Waleed doing?

He is passing a glass to Nabeel.



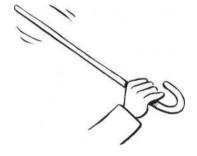
Giggle + ing = Giggl ing

Lesson 8 What are you good at?

1 Use of English

Write the missing words. Use is or are and the -ing form of each verb.





2 The stick is moving up and down. (move)



3 We are clapping

2 L Write

our hands, (clap

Write a sentence for each picture. Use the *-ing* form of the verb.

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He is riding a horse.

3 Li Write

What are you good at? Write a sentence.

I am good at football or I am good at playing football

What are you not good at? Write a sentence.

I am not good at cooking Or I am not English

Lesson 9 Sharing in the classroom 1

Read

Part 1 of the play on page 15 of your Learner's Book again. Then read the sentences and write T (true) or F (false).

The animals are working on a project

at home.

2 All the animals are happy. F

3 Bat Is colouring his picture. T

4 Bear Is sticking his picture . F

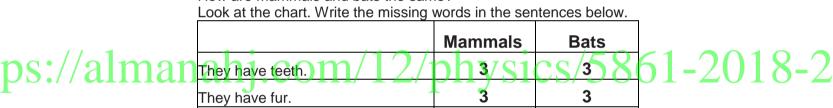
Owl Is the teacher.





Write

How are mammals and bats the same?



3

Mammals have teeth and fur, and

They usually have four legs

Bats have teeth and_,fur

but they don't have four legs

How are birds and bats the same?

They usually have four legs.

Look at the chart. Write the missing words in the sentences below.

	Birds	Bats
	240	
They have wings.	3	3
They have two legs.	3	3
They have feathers.	3	

Birds have wing, two legs and feather and

Bats have wings and two legs, but they don't have feathers







Family and memories

Lesson 1 Family celebrations

1 Let's do it!

Read and follow the instructions to finish the picture.



There is a man taking photos. Draw a camera in front of him. Nasr is taking photos on his mobile phone. Draw a mobile phone in his hand. Draw a beard on the grandfather. Draw his grandson standing next to him.

2

3 Challenge

Have you ever been to an Eid Al Fitr celebration or a family party? Write two or more sentences about it and draw a picture.



Read

Read and answer the questions.

Kakh

In Egypt and some other countries, people make kakh for their friends, guests and family for Eid Al Fitr. Kakh is the Egyptian word for a special kind of biscuit. The biscuits are made from



mixing honey and butter and then adding flour. The biscuits are filled with nuts and sugar. Some people put figs inside. Kakh were made in the time of the Pharaohs. The kakh were made into the shape of animals or flowers. Now, kakh biscuits are usually a round shape.

- 1 Are **kakh**: a something to wear? b something to eat?
- 2 Are **guests**: a **people who visit your house?** b people you meet at a cafe?
- 3 Name three things you can put in kakh. figs, nuts and sugar

In your country, are there special/sweets during Eid Al Fitr? What are they? 61-2018-20 What are your favourite Eid Al Fitr sweets? Halwa, cake

Guest F & M

2 Word study

Are the people **male** (boys or men), or **female** (girls or women)? Write **M** (male), **F** (female) or **M** or **F** (male or female).

Sister F Granddaughter F Uncle M Cousin F & M

3 Read

Match the beginning And end of the sentences, so the instructions are in the right order.

Grandmother F

How to take a family photo

Aunt F

2 First, a tell everyone to smile! **Then,**3 Next, b press the button to take the photo. **Finally,**4 Then c tell everyone to stand close together. **next**5 Finally,

Bridge to Success Grade 4 Activity Book Unit 2



1 Read

Read about the traditional clothes people wear in different countries for Eid Al Fitr. Write the country under each photo.

People want to look their best for Eid Al Fitr and often buy new clothes for the celebrations. They wear different clothes in different countries. In Malaysia, the men wear a loose tunic over trousers, with a sarong called a sampin around the hips. They wear a songkok or cap. In Saudi Arabia, the men wear a long white thobe and a square red-and-white cloth on their head. In Morocco men wear a long robe made of wool. The robe has a big hood. The robes can be bright colours.







018-20

Malaysia

Saudi Arabia

Morocco

Over to you

Complete the chart about Eid Al Fitr traditional clothes. Tick (3) the spaces in the table.

Clothes	Men wear similar clothes to this where I live	Men don't wear similar clothes to this where I live
A sarong	Yes	
A thobe	Yes	
Brightly coloured woollen robe		Yes



1 Use of English

Complete the text with was or were.

esson 5 A special trip

People think that camping is a holiday activity, but in the UAE, camping was

(1) usual for the Bedouin. Traditional Bedouin tents

were (2) made from goats' hair which didn't let water in. The tents

were (3) cool inside even when it was very hot outside. In winter, when it

was (4) cold at night, a small camp fire inside the tent kept it warm. 5 8 6 1 - 2 0

It was (5) difficult to keep fruit and vegetables fresh in the desert

because they went bad quickly, so food was (6) simple. The traditional

fetir was(7) made with flour, salt and a little water and it was delicious.

The Bedouin were(8) very kind when guests came to their camps.



Challenge

Do you think Bedouin camping in the desert is easy or difficult? Why? Why not?

Lesson 6 My learning

1 Word study

Find the seven people in the list at an Eid Al Fitr celebration below in the word search.

	1	mother sister	S Y	Y	W Q	U P	X Y	A S	S P	G G	Q K	R C	M E	S R	G O	V R	G R
	3	grandson	Т	Q	S	G	Z	Т	Ν	Н	С	С	Α	R	L	Н	Α
	4		W	G	Р	Т	U	Ν	V	S	С	Ν	R	U	Ο	R	Ν
	4	uncle	Ν	L	Е	V	Е	Α	S	D	D	S	Ε	Е	Е	I	D
-	5	granddaughter aunt	l H	D O	B P	O H	V O	R T	Н	D G	D R	A A	H P	H H	P E	T R	D A
	6	dunt	N	ı	· F	G	0	D	Н	K	K	Α	0	F	М	Α	U
Ī	7	photographer	. `			_	_							_			
2			Q I	B A	M F	O N	0	H T	E X	R D	F	H	M D	F Y	F 7	U N	G H
			_	, ,	•		0	•	^	0	•	•		•	_		''
			K	X	Α	G	R	Α	Ν	D	S	0	Ν	Ν	0	Т	Т
ma.//a1	-	monohi oon	J	R	Y	9	E ₁	Α	Z	P	Q	A/	A	G .	Y	R	Ę
ps.//ai	L.	nanahj.con	G/	R	A	X	R	E	A	d	N	Ų	R	J	A	Ju "	R_
			D	M N	K	G	N F	N 7	T	V N	G	I	G F	Q	X	J	L G
			U	IN	U				M	IN	U	Q	Г	L	J	ı	G

2 Assessment box

Tick the box for you.

	© yes	© sometimes	© not yet
I can understand instructions for a photo. I can say the different family members at an Eid AI Fitr celebration.			
I can use the correct title for different people.			
I can describe my life in the past.			

Lesson 7 A camping trip

Language tip

Use of English

Write today's date. Sunday 15Th of October

Write the name and date of an important festival in your country. 2nd of December It is the National day

We write: 17th October

We say: on the

seventeen**th of** October.

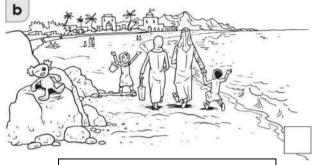


Lesson 8 A sad memory

1 Read

Write the sentences 1-4 under the pictures a-d. Then number the pictures 1-4 in the correct order.

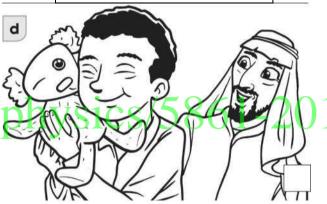




My teddy bear sat on the Rock while we played

We forgot Burno





We went to the beach.

I had a teddy bear called Bruno.

- 2 We went to the beach.
- 3 We forgot Bruno.

2 Word study

Write the opposite of each word. Clue: all Learner's Book page 32.

winter **summer** remembered _ **forget** Happy : **unhappy**

Lesson 9 A proud memory

Challenge

Have you ever lost something important to you? What happened? How did you feel? Write three or four sentences.



Look at A proud memory' on page 33 of the Learner's Book again. Write about a time when you were proud.

1 Why were you proud?

I were proud because I made my mother happy.

When was it? It was in Al Eid.

Who were you with? My father

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1 Write and draw

A certificate is a thing that you give to somebody when they do something special, for example, if they win a race.

Make a certificate for a friend.







Lesson 10 A happy memory

1 Li Write

Complete the text about a girl's memory.

When my best friend I was (1)

eight, she went to a special Eid Al Fitr

celebration. All my friends went

to the party. But I couldn't

go because it was my sister's graduation

day on the same day!

- 3 I had a teddy bear called Bruno.
- **4** My teddy bear sat on a rock while we played.



Lisien to a girrs memory of an Ela Arrill celebiation and complete the picture.

(3)



Lesson 11 When I was a child

1 Use of English

The pictures show you when you were a small child. Complete the sentences about what you could and couldn't do.

1 I	could	eat a banana.
-----	-------	---------------

2 I Couldn't ride a bike.

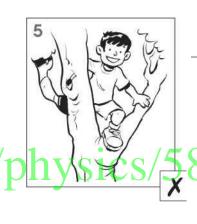
3 I Couldn' play the oud.

4 I Could walk.

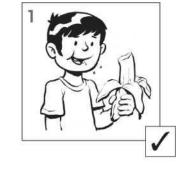
5 I Couldn't climb a tree.

6 I could sing

4



2







s://almanahj

5 2 Listen

Listen to the memories and tick the correct box.

1 Which picture?







2 Who made the cake?









Lesson 1 Desert weather

1 Word study

What's the weather like in the desert?

Put the letters in the right order. Complete the sentences. 1 Deserts are very places.

- 1 Deserts are very **dry** places.
- 2 They get very little rain
- 3 Deserts are usually **hot** during the day
- 4 They are often **cold** at night

2 Read

Look at sentences 1 -5. Which weather sentence is missing? Write it in the space.

It's cold.



It's raining,



It's snowing.



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- 1 We're getting wet! Put up your umbrella! It's raining
- 2 It's a lovely day. It's warm and the sky is blue. It's sunny
- 3 It's winter. The ground is getting whiter and whiter. It's snowing
- 4 The trees are blowing. Let's fly a kite! It's windy
- 5 We must put on coats, hats, boots and gloves. Then we can go outside. It's cold



Challenge

Look outside. What's the weather like today? Write two sentences and draw a picture.

It is sunny and hot .The sky is blue.
I'd like to go to the beach





Lesson 2 Desert animals 1

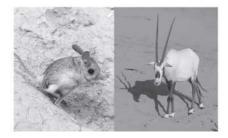
Use of English

Write sentences with it or they.

Jerboas and orxyes live in the desert.







They Live in the desert.

The oryx has long horns.

2 It has long horns

The jerboa can hop on its back legs.

3 It, can hop on its back legs.

Jerboas and or yxes rest during the day. Om/12/physics/5861-2018-2

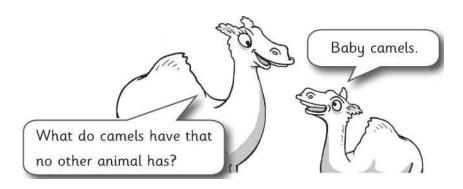
They rest during the day.

The jerboa eats leaves, roots and insects.

5 It eats leaves, roots and insects.

The oryx eats roots, herbs and grass.

It eats roots, herbs and grass.



Writing tip

Did you remember to start each sentence with a capital letter?

Lesson 3 Desert animals 2

1 Read

Read the information and answer the questions.

Rattlesnakes

There are 24 different kinds of rattlesnake and each **kind** looks different, some are green, others are brown or black. Some kinds of rattlesnake live in the Sonoran Desert in North America, but other kinds live on mountains and in **forests**.

Rattlesnakes have a poisonous bite, which they use to **quickly** kill the small animals they eat, such as mice, **rabbits**, lizards and frogs.



Vocabulary

poisonous: containing something able to make someone ill rattle: something that makes short, sharp sounds

All rattlesnakes have a rattle at the **end** of their tail, and they shake it to tell other animals to not come near. They do this because they are **afraid** that some animals, such as coyotes and hawks, will eat them.

s://almoanrathesnakes.look the same?/12/physicesn/5861-2018-2

2 Do rattlesnakes kill little animals by biting them?

yes no

2 Word study

Write the words in **bold** in the text which match the definitions.

 3 last part 4 animals with long ears and big teeth 5 places where there are a lot of trees fore 	1	fast, rapidly	quickly
4 animals with long ears and big teeth 5 places where there are a lot of trees fore	2	scared	afraid
5 places where there are a lot of trees fore	3	last part	end
	4	animals with long ears and big teeth	rabbits
	5 6	1	forest kind

Lesson 5 My learning

Word study Match the phrases to the correct pictures. It's cold. □ 2 It's snowing. Q It's windy. Q It's sunny. Q It's raining. Q

2 Use of English

Circle the best word to complete each sentence.

- 1 The boys are really tired because **It/they** were walking in the desert all day.
- 2 Today I saw three camels It/they were very tall.
- 3 There are 24 kinds of rattlesnakes and **It/they** are found in the Sonoran Desert.
- 4 The jerboa is very small It/they has big ears.

s://alm My uncle has a camel-tt/they has a big hump on its back sics/5861 – 2018 – 2

3 ^ Talk

What can you remember about jerboas and oryxes? Discuss with your partner.

Assessment box

Tick the box for you.

	© yes	© sometimes	© not yet
I can talk about the weather.			
I can talk about desert animals and desert plants.			
I can talk about life in the desert.			
I can use adjectives to describe people.			
I can re-tell a story.			
I can use pronouns.			

Lesson 7 Arabian wolves 1

1 Li Write

Complete the text with the words in the box.

Help live wolves dying

Some people want wolves⁽¹⁾
to live in the UAE desert because
they are dying⁽²⁾
Soon there will be no more Arabian
Wolves in the world. Scientists want to help
Arabian wolves so that they can live in the
UAE desert.

2 U Challenge



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Lesson 8 Arabian wolves 2

-1	٦.	п	ъ.
	 0		1 7

Soon there will be no more Arabian wolves in the world. They will all die. Here are some more animals that might die.

Talk to your partner. Why do you think these animals will die? Give two more examples of animals in danger.

green sawfish

sociable lapwing

1 koala, polar bear

Arabian leopard

2: Chimpanzee _____

2 Read

What can you remember about the Arabian wolves? Are these sentences **true** (T) or **false** (F)? Write **T** or **F**.

S://almathe Arabian wolves live in the Middle East/physics/5861-2018-2

- 2 There are many Arabian wolves living in the deserts of the UAE. **F**
- 3 Arabian wolves only eat sheep and goats. **F**
- 4 Arabian wolves are dangerous and kill people. T
- 5 Some people are scared of Arabian wolves. **T**
- 6 Some farmers think that Arabian wolves will eat their sheep and goats. T

Now, look at your Learner's Book, page 49, and check your answers.

2 Read and draw

What food do Arabian wolves eat? Draw the four types of food.



Lesson 9 If wolves live in the desert ...

Listen

Listen and tick (3) the boxes.

1 Where did Mariam go with her grandparents?













2 Use of English

Match the sentence endings with the sentence beginnings.

What was the weather like? $\frac{2}{5861}$ $\frac{2}{2018}$ s://alma

If it's cool this evening,

a I will go to their next match.

If I get my pocket money,

b we will visit her on Saturday.

If my team does well,

c the oryx will sit under the ghaf tree with the scorpions.

If my cake tastes good,

d I will buy new trainers at the shopping mall.

If my grandmother is well,

e we will eat it for dinner.



Lesson 12

Look again

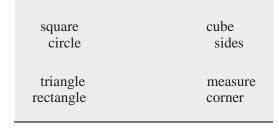
Lesson 1 Optical illusions

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Down i

with the words in the box.

- 1 This shape is round, with no corners.
- 2 This shape has four sides the same length.
- 3 We use a ruler to _____ things.
- 1 Where two sides of a shape meet.



Across ^

This shape is like a box. Each side is a square.

- A triangle has three straight ______.
- This shape has two long sides and two short sides.
- 6 This shape has three sides and three corners.

1 Read

Read the clues. Complete the crossword puzzle



Lesson 2 That's impossible!

1 Let's do it!

Look at the picture. Count the shapes.



- 1 How many small triangles can you see? 16
- 2 How many medium triangles? 8
- 3 How many big triangles? 2
- 4 How many triangles altogether? 2



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- 6 How many medium squares? 4
- 7 Can you find any big or giant squares? How many? 1
- 8 How many squares are there altogether?



Tip: Both these shapes are squares:

Let's find out

Look at these two cubes.

Which picture shows an impossible cube?

Which picture shows a **real** cube?a



Lesson 3 Word play

1 Word study

Write the word that means the opposite.

1 impolite polite
2 impossible possible
3 impatient patient
4 Unhappy happy
5 untidy tidy
6 unhealthy healthy



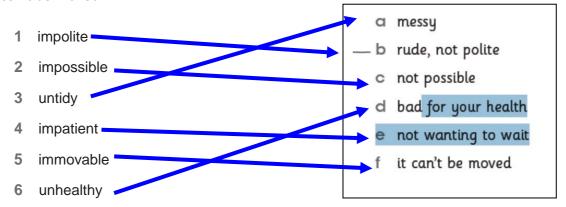
2 Use of English

Draw a line to match each word with its correct meaning.

a messy

b rude, not polite **c** not possible **d** bad for your health **e** not wanting to wait

f it can't be moved





Bridge to Success Grade 4 Activity Book Unit 4

Lesson 4 Very strange!

1 Read



1 The footballers are between two big trees. yes

- 2 The father is standing in front of the mother. No
- 3 Look at the girl who is reading. She is sitting under a rock. . No
- 4 The girl with the camera is standing behind the sheep. No
- 5 The little sheep is standing between the two big sheep. **yes**

2 Read

Draw these missing things in the picture above.

- 1 A bird is on the grass behind the grandfather. Draw the bird.
- 2 There is a backpack under the table. Draw the backpack.
- 3 Draw an apple on the table in front of Mum.
- 4 There is a tree behind the sheep. Draw the tree.

.esson 5 Hidden pictures 1

1 Use of English

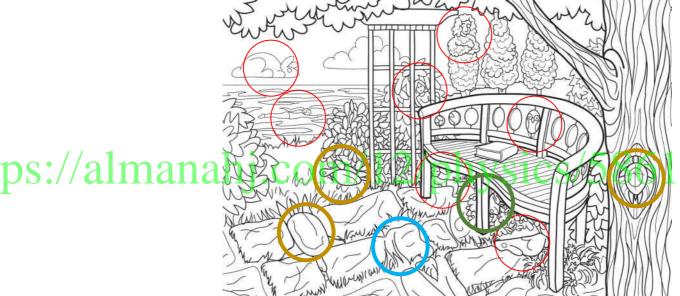
Look for the things that are hidden in the picture.

When you find each thing, write one of the sentences in the box.

I've found **her**! I've found **Kim**! I've found **It**! I've found **them**!

a woman l've found **her**! two rabbits l've found **them**! a boy l've found **him** two girls l've found **them**!

an owl l've found It!



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2 Word study

There are some more things hiding in the picture.

Write the missing pronoun, then follow the instructions.

There are three turtles. Colour______1 brown.

There is a man. Colour ______(2) blue.

There is a frog. Colour______⁽³⁾ green.

3 C Write

Write a sentence listing all the things you found in the picture.

Remember to use commas! I've found three turtles!, a man and a frog!

1fuuund

46

3ridge to Success Grade 4 Activity Book Unit 4

Lesson 7 Hidden pictures 2

1 U Write

Look at the picture. Complete the text with the missing prepositions from the box.

On	under	next to	near	in front of	behind	
011	ariaci	HOAL LO	Houi	III II OI IL OI	DOTTILIA	

This is my classroom. Our teacher is standing in front of A $^{(1)}$ us. map is on the wall behind $^{(2)}$ our teacher.

A bookcase is under (3) the window. There

are books on (4) the shelves. Our pencils

are on top of the bookshelf. There is a pretty plant

next to (5) the pencils. On the wall

near (6) the window, there is a clock.



Read

Circle the answer to each question. If you/don't know the answer, look back at page 67 in your Learner's Book.

- 1 How can camouflage help an animal?
- a [t can help an animal hide.

b It can help an animal run fast.

- c [t can help an animal stay warm.
- 2: What is the best camouflage colour for an animal that hides in dead leaves?
 - a brown

b green

- c black and white stripes
- **2** Why is a stick insect good at hiding on tiny branches?
 - a It doesn't bite.

b It likes to eat tiny green leaves.

c [ts body is the same shape and colour as a tiny branch.



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Lesson 8 Camouflage

1 Read

Read about three kinds of camouflage, then answer the questions below.

How do animals use camouflage?

There are three kinds of camouflage. Some animals use more than one kind.

Matching colour An animal that is the same colour as its hiding place is hard to see.

Matching patterns Stripes and spots help an animal blend in with grass and shadows.

Matching shapes An animal that is the shape of a branch or leaf can look like part of a tree.

What kind of camouflage do the animals in the box use? Write their names in the chart. If an animal uses two kinds of camouflage, write its name in both columns.

	Stick ins	sect snake	Arctic for	x frog	
// 1	Matching colour	Matching	patterns	Matching shape	1 0010 00
ps://alr	nametic fox.C	()111/Sh	ake/1) h	V Stick insect	51-2018-20
			og P		
	Snake	Leafy se	ea dragon		
	Fron- Leafy sea				

2 I? Write

Look at the Fact file for another animal. Write what kind of camouflage it uses. Then write the animal's name in the chart above.

It matching colours and patterns

FACT FILE



Name: Leafy sea dragon
Colour: brownish yellow
and green Where it lives: in
the ocean near Australia
Where it hides: in the
seaweed What it eats: tiny
Camouflage: reatures

Lesson 9 Sounds

1 Word study

Can you remember the spelling of the homophones? Write the missing words next to their homophone.

1	riqht	4	their
2	<i>Z</i>)	5	son
3	here	6	eight

Practise saying the words with your partner and make sure both words sound the same. Check with your teacher.

3 ^ Talk

A haiku is a Japanese poem of three lines, with five syllables in the first line, seven syllables in the second line and five syllables in the third line. See the example below. It doesn't rhyme.

Spring is really here The sun is shining outside The birds are singing

With a partner, read the three poems below.

Two of them are haikus and one is not.

Count the syllables and decide which one is not a haiku, 1,2 or 3.

4

The rattlesnake moves Slowly through the green grass The hawk is watching

2

How many squares can You see in the tree painting? I can see fourteen Camouflage is fun The animal disappears Into the colours



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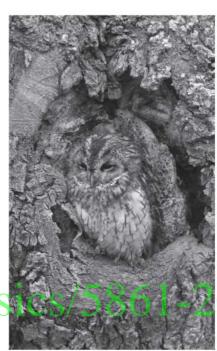
Lesson 10 A camouflage poem

1 Word study

Read the second half of the poem from page 70 of the Learner's Book. Complete the poem with the rhyming words in the box.

	me sing heart
	I have two enormous eyes to see my prey
	My face is shaped like a
	I have a beak instead of a nose I swoop on a
	mouse like a dart
	I am a master of clever disguise
	My feathers can camouflage
	You may not even be aware I'm there I can blend
	in with the bark of a tree
ps://aln	nanahi com/12/phys My family of owlets stay with me We stay near
	our roost in the spring Our chatter is special, we

But you won't ever hear us _____!



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Jan Allison

Listen and check

Now listen to the poem and check your answers.

4 Read and write

hoot twit twooo

What did you learn about animal camouflage in this unit? Write two sentences.

Lesson 11 Close your left eye

1 Word study

Complete the instructions with the words in the box.

- 1 Listen to the recording and tell me who Mariam is.
- 2 Point to the boy who is wearing brown shoes.
- 3 Read the first paragraph and complete the sentence.
- 4 **Circle** the pinto horses in the picture.
- 5 stand up and talk to your friends.

2 Write

Read about a boy called Ahmed. Find three ways that you and Ahmed are alike. Use the word **too** in the second sentence.

Ahmed likes playing football

I like playing football too

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1- Ahmed studies English ,math and science
I study English ,math and science too
2Ahmad's favourite sports are football and swimming
My favourite sports are football and swimming too

read circle point stand listen



Bridge to Success Grade 4 Activity Book Unit 5

Unit 5

Inventors and inventions

Lesson 1 What is an inventor?

Read

What can you remember about the young inventors' TV show (Learner's Book page 76)? Read the sentences. Write **yes** (Y) or **no** (N).

- 1 The children have all invented something. Yes
- 2 Two of the inventors are boys. No
- 3 The presenter of the TV show is female. No
- 4 One of the inventions is a special football. Yes
- 5 The football comes back to you. Yes
- 6 The shoes play your favourite music. No

Tathere is a begun cing Cup. No. / 12/physics/5861-2018-2

The inventors are proud of their inventions. Yes

Word study

The missing word is from the same family as the word in **bold**.

Write the missing word.

- 1 A **baker** is a person who _____ bakes __ bread.
- 2 A scientist is a person who studies. Science
- 3 A musician is a person who plays music.
- 4 A football **player** is a person who **plays** football.
- 5 An **inventor** is a person who **invents** new things.
- 6 A photographer is a person who takes photographs.
- 7 A painter is a person who paints a painting.







Lesson 2 A history of inventions

Over to you

Look at the inventions in the chart.

Which do you have at home? Which did your parents have at home when they were children?

Tick (3) the chart.





Outbox

Inventions	We have this at home.	My parents had this when they were children.	5
1 mobile phone	at Homo:		
2 email			6
3 MP3 player			0.0
4 microwave oven			
5 television			
6 books			

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Make a list of things that have wheels. Draw two eyes next to the things in your list that you have seen today.

1	bws	Draw a picture of four of the things.
-		z a com a proteiro or roar or aro a migor

2

3

4

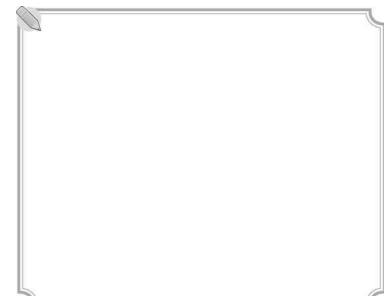
5

6

7

2 9

10



Lesson 3 More inventions

1 Write

Look at the pictures. Which thing was invented first?

Write the words first, second, third or fourth under each picture. Then write each word as a number (for example: 1st, 2nd).









First

2 Use of English

The pictures show things that babies do.

drink milk from a



feeding bottle

Write the things you **used to** do when you were a baby. Then write what you do now.

I used to sleep in a cot. Now I sleep in a bed.

I used to play with a teddy. Now I play football

I used to drink from a feeding bottle. Now I eat by myself

I used to crawl. Now I walk.

I used to make a mess. Now I am very tidy.

Lesson 4 Problems and solutions

Read

Match the problems and the solutions. Draw a line. Put a tick (3) next to the things that you have used today.

Problem

- People wanted to listen to music while they were walking. They wanted something easy to carry.
- People wanted to know what time it was, even when they were not at home. Clocks were too big to carry.
- 3 You can't write on a whiteboard with a pencil or
- 4 People in tall buildings had to climb lots of stairs.

Solution

- a Watches were invented.
- b The MP3 play er
 was invented.
 You can listen to it
 wherever you are.
- c The lift was invented. A lift can carry you to the top of a tall building.
- d Whiteboard pens were invented.









Use of English

A new child has joined your class. They are asking you some questions about the school. Write true answers to the questions.

What time do I have to come to school?

You:

Do I have to bring my lunch?

You:

What subjects do I have to study?



You: