First aid for infants and children

Health Sciences

G12 Unit 9

Week 3 Lesson 2: Infant and child trauma patient

Key vocabulary



Internal

Bleeding



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Introduction

- Trauma
- Lesson objectives
- Class discussionwhat is trauma?



Trauma patient

- What is a trauma?
- Severity
- What part of the body can a be effected?

WHY

WHEN

WHERE

What

Causes of trauma

- Car crash
- Being dropped
- Fall from a height
- Bumping into furniture
- Pulling at hot saucepans or hot cups



Activity 10: Trauma causes

Work in pairs

Can you think of other causes of trauma?

Emergency care for a trauma patient

External bleeding

- Blood vessel is cut or torn
- Cut or scrape minor bleeding www.almanahj.com

When to phone the emergency services?

- If there is a lot of bleeding.
- If you have applied pressure and can not stop the bleeding.
- If you see signs of shock.
- If you suspect a head, neck or spinal injury.
- If you don't know what to do.



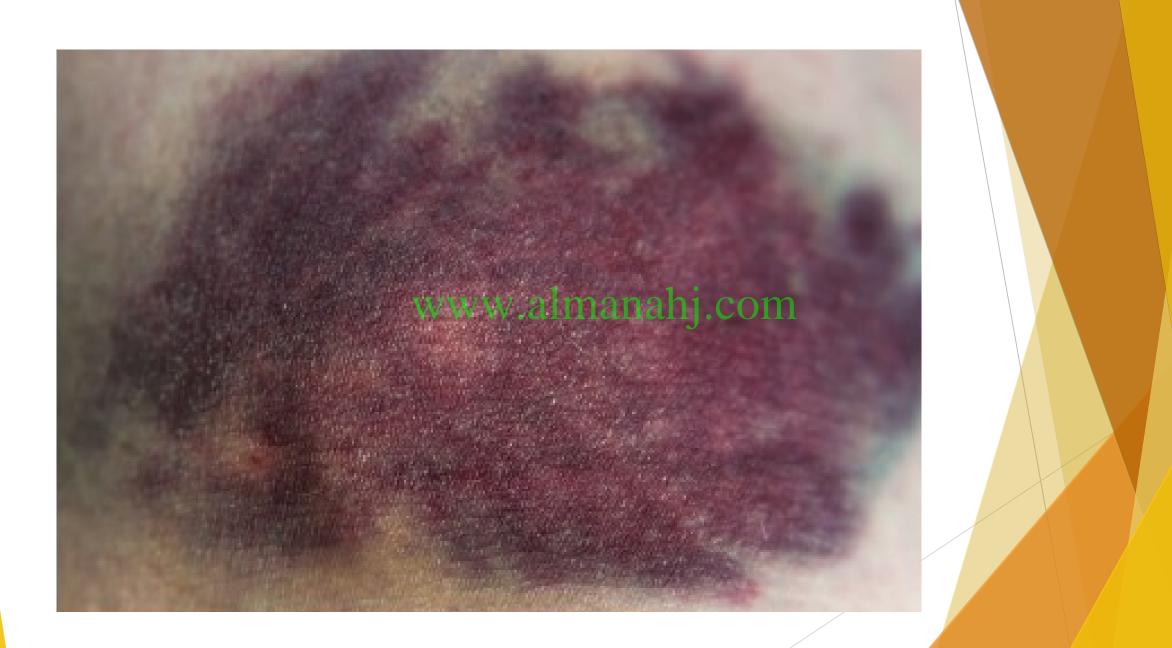
Emergency care for a trauma patient

Internal bleeding

- Bleeding is on the inside
- Hard to tell how much bleeding has happened www.almanahj.com

Suspect internal bleeding if the person:

- has an injury in the chest or abdomen.
- has shortness of breath after an injury.
- is coughing or vomiting blood.
- is showing signs of shock without external bleeding.



Emergency care for internal bleeding

- Make sure the scene is safe for you.
- Phone the emergency services.
- Get the first aid kit and the AED anahj.com
- Wear PPE.
- Encourage the infant or child to lie down and keep still.
- Monitor them for signs of shock.
- Be prepared to give CPR.

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WORK

Conclusion

Recap

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